Company
Presentation





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Company Presentation

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1.1 Highlights H1-2022

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1.1 Highlights **H1-2022**

In-place rent (I-f-I)

Maintenance (adj.)¹

EPRA vacancy rate (I-f-I)

Capex (adj.)¹

Financial Summary

LEG

Operating results				+/-
Operating results		H1-2022	H1-2021	%/bps
Net cold rent	€m	396.2	338.5	+17.0%
Adjusted net rental income	€m	310.9	275.1	+13.0%
EBITDA adjusted	€m	296.5	261.3	+13.5%
FFO I	€m	241.4	218.2	+10.6%
FFO I per share	€	3.31	3.03	+9.2%
FFO II	€m	240.7	216.2	+11.3%
EBITDA margin (adj.)	%	74.8	77.2	-240bps
FFO I margin	%	60.9	64.5	-360bps
				+/-
Portfolio		30.06.2022	30.06.2021	%/bps
Residential units	number	166,628	144,892	+15.0%

€/m²

€/m²

€/m²

6.26

13.33

4.98

2.2

Balance sheet		30.06.2022	31.12.2021	+/- %/bps
Investment properties	€m	20,669.1	19,067.7	+8.4%
Cash and cash equivalents ²	€m	328.9	675.6	-51.3%
Equity	€m	9,891.2	8,953.0	+10.5%
Total financing liabilities	€m	9,247.4	8,885.1	+4.1%
Current financing liabilities	€m	195.5	1,518.1	-87.1%
Net debt ³	€m	8,849.8	8,112.1	+9.1%
LTV ⁴	%	42.1	42.1	±0bps
Equity ratio	%	45.1	43.6	+150bps
EPRA NTA, diluted	€m	11,953.7	11,149.1	+7.2%
EPRA NTA per share, diluted	€	161.30	146.10	+10.4%

6.10

13.71

5.43

2.5

+2.6%

-2.8%

-8.3%

-30bps

¹ Excl. new construction activities on own land, backlog measures, own work capitalised and margin of LWSPlus; pls see Appendix. 2 Excluding short term deposits. 3 Excl. lease liabilities according to IFRS 16 and incl. short term deposits. 4 Since Q1-2022 calculation adapted to market standard: inclusion of short-term deposits and participation in other residential companies.

Financials and operations well on track

Backed by resilient business model



Financials



- FFO | +10.6% to €241.4m
- FFO I ps **+9.2%**
- Adj. EBITDA-Margin 74.8%
- ITV 42.1%¹
 - Debt @ **7.1y** for **1.15%**
- NTA ps €161.30



- Net cold rent +17.0%
- I-f-I rental growth **+2.6%**
- I-f-I vacancy **2.2%** (-30bps)



- Supporting tenants in gas crisis: energy saving advice, voluntary increase of advance payments, instalments, support to receive housing benefit
- Serial energetic modernisation: start with 157 flats with Energiesprong concept and the newly founded JV **RENOWATE** (LEG/ Rhomberg)
- 33% female Supervisory Board Members since AGM 2022



Disposals of up to 5,000 units in focus

Prices expected to be at book values

Attractive portfolio

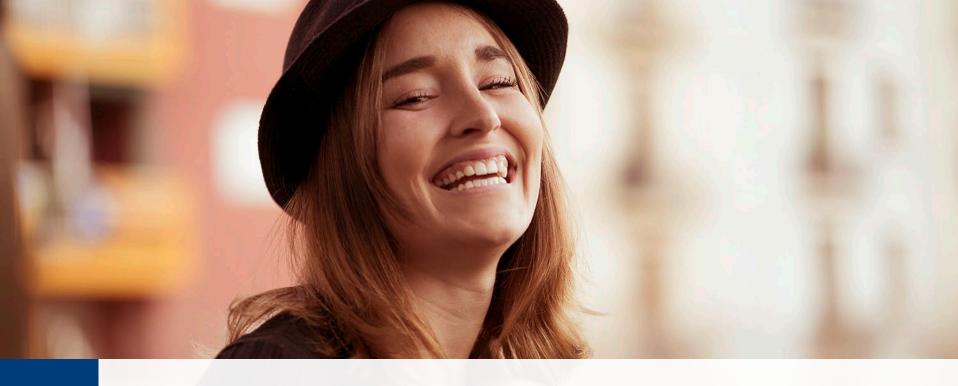
Valuation uplift of 6.1% in H1

Net seller in 2022

35% BCP stake represents < 2% of GAV

FFO I in the range of €475m – €490m

Guidance confirmed



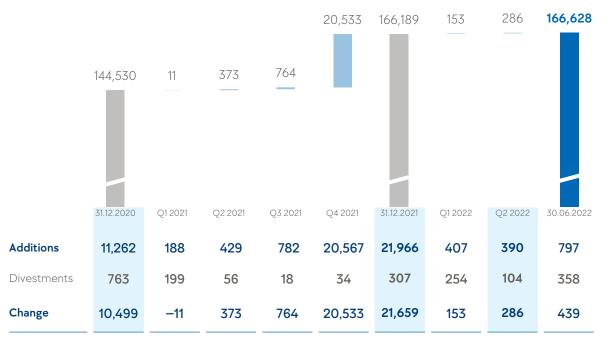
1.2 Portfolio & Operating Performance

Portfolio transactions



Almost unchanged portfolio – 390 new units transferred, signed late 2021/early 2022

Number of units based on date of transfer of ownership^{1,2}



1 Residential units. 2 Note: The date of the transaction announcement and the transfer of ownership are usually several months apart. The number of units may therefore differ from other disclosures, depending on the data basis. 3 BW = Baden-Wurttemberg, HB = Bremen, LS = Lower Saxony, NRW = North Rhine-Westphalia, RP = Rhineland-Palatinate, SH = Schleswig-Holstein, SL = Saarland.

Acquisitions (Locations/State³)

O1 2021

NRW – Oldenburg (LS)

Q2 2021

 NRW – Oldenburg (LS) – Hanover (LS) – Brunswick (LS) – Kaiserslautern, Koblenz (RP)

Q3 2021

 NRW – Hanover (LS) – Osnabrück (LS) – Brunswick (LS) – Bremen

Q4 2021

 NRW – DeuWo-Portfolio (RP/BW) – Bremen – Hanover (LS) – Kiel (SH) – Adler-Portfolio (LS, SH)

Q1 2022

 NRW – Flensburg (SH) – Kiel (SH) – Hanover (LS) – Rhine-Neckar (RP/BW)

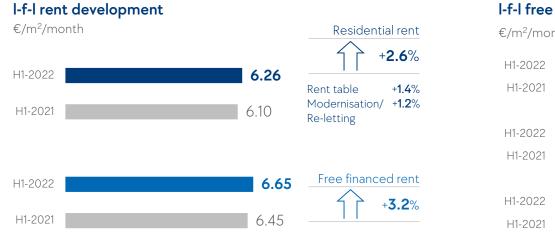
Q2 2022

NRW – Brunswick (LS)

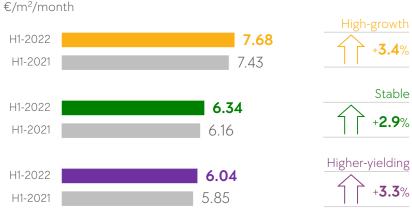
Heading towards a l-f-l rental growth of 3.0%

LEG

On track for target level with more to come in H2







- Free financed portfolio with +3.2% overall and +3.4% in the high-growth markets
- Stable market with softer rent growth after several very strong quarters and in particular strong H1-2021

Positive trends across all operating KPIs and market clusters



Vacancy drops further – Higher-yielding markets -50bps



Markets

	Total portfolio		High-growth		Stable		Higher-yielding	
	H1-2022	▲ (YOY)	H1-2022	▲ (YOY)	H1-2022	▲ (YOY)	H1-2022	▲ (YOY)
# of units	166,628	+15.0%	49,474	+17.2%	66,651	+9.9%	50,503	+20.1%
GAV residential assets (€m)	19,351	+27.4%	8,402	+29.8%	7,182	+25.3%	3,767	+26.4%
In-place rent (m²), I-f-I	€6.26	+2.6%	€7.07	+2.8%	€5.99	+2.4%	€5.77	+2.9%
EPRA vacancy, I-f-I ¹	2.2%	-30bps	1.5%	-10bps	2.1%	-40bps	3.2%	-50bps

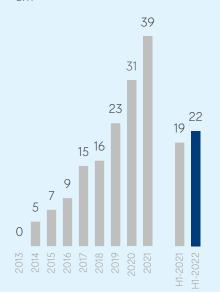
LEG

Value-added services

Continuation of growth story

Strong FFO contribution – Services

€m





WohnService

Partner



100% entity

Multimedia: TV, internet and telephone

Launch
January 2014



EnergieService

Partner

~100

partners from energy and technical service providers



Electricity, heating, gas, metering

Launch March 2015



TechnikService

Partner



Joint venture (51%)

Small repair work, craftsmen services

Launch
January 2017



LWS Plus

Partner

~130

partners from craft companies and technical service providers

> 100% entity

General contractor services

Acquisition October 2020

Key driver H1-2022

- Benefitting from the roll-out of services to a growing portfolio (FFO I +11%)
- Strong contribution from TSP and ESP

Roll-out of new services

- Successful proof of concept of recently established proptech youtilly (management of gardening and cleaning services) in LEG's portfolio
- New FacilityManagement with focus on gardening and cleaning services

Capex and Maintenance

Deliberate slow down of spending in a rising cost environment





- Increase of total investments by 12.7% y-o-y driven by portfolio growth (+15% in units)
- Deliberate slow down of spending against a rising cost environment
- Investments per sqm decreased by -4.3% adjusted for new construction on own land, backlog from acquisitions and capitalized own services
- Remain below €46 per sqm (prev. €46 48) for full year as a more focused spending approach partially offset by rising price levels
- On track to reach full year target of 4,000 tons
 CO₂ reduction
- Increase in new construction and others (not part of LEG's investment/sqm guidance) driven by milestone payments of new construction activities – small in group context
- Acquisition of new development projects not recognised as capex



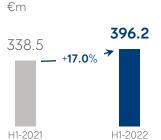
1.3 Financial Performance

Financial highlights H1-2022

Growth and margins driven by 2021 acquisitions – as planned







Adjusted EBITDA



Adjusted net rental and lease income



FFO I



Adjusted net rental and lease income

- Strong increase in net cold rent through acquisitions but also organic growth
- Additionally positive impact from services
- Margin in H1 negatively affected by lower margin of newly acquired portfolios. Overall within expectation and within guidance level
- Higher provisioning for not yet invoiced operating costs to cover potential shortfall in payments

Adjusted EBITDA

- On track for FY 2022 margin target of ~75%
- Balanced half years expected

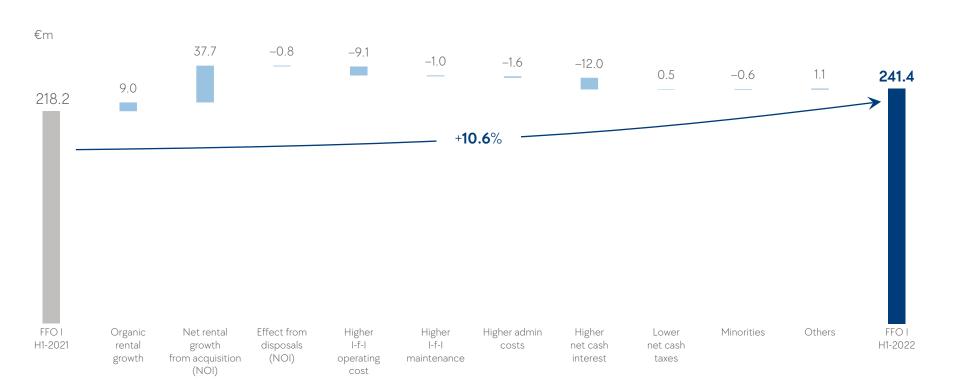
FFO I ps

- H1-2021 €3.03
- H1-2022 €3.31 (+9%)

FFO Bridge H1-2022

LEG

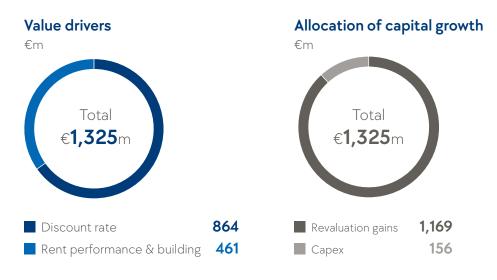
Strong contribution from acquisitions and rent growth

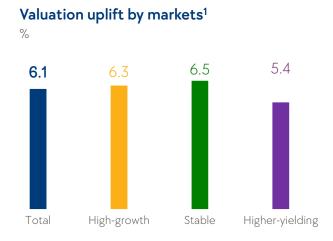


Portfolio valuation H1-2022 – Breakdown revaluation gains

LEG

Valuation uplift driven by letting performance and yield compression





- Portfolio valuation +6.1%, including capex +7.0%
- Adjustment of average object-specific discount rate from 3.9% end of FY-2021 to 3.7% (cap rate virtually unchanged)
- Stabilisation of property values expected

Portfolio valuation H1-2022

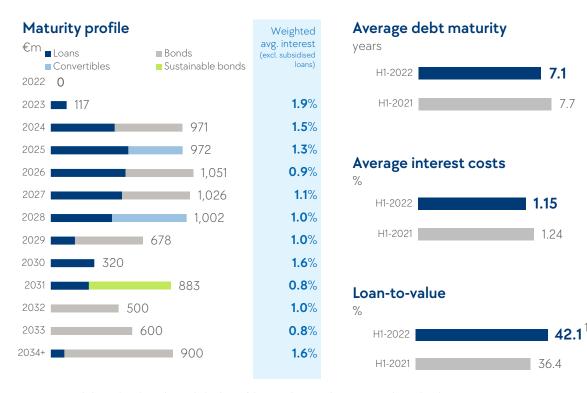


Market segment	Residential Units	GAV Residential Assets (€m)	GAV/ m² (€)	Gross yield	In-Place Rent Multiple	GAV Commercial/ Other (€m)	Total GAV (€m)
High-Growth Markets	49,474	8,402	2,575	3.3%	30.7x	348	8,750
Stable Markets	66,651	7,182	1,684	4.2%	23.6x	231	7,412
Higher-Yielding Markets	50,503	3,767	1,233	5.4%	18.4x	106	3,873
Total Portfolio	166,628	19,351	1,828	4.0%	24.7x	685	20,036 ¹

Well balanced financial profile

No significant maturities until 2024





Highlights

- Refinancing of €1.4bn bridge loan in
 January via issuance of bond with three
 tranches and total volume of €1.5bn
 (avg. maturity 7.7years for average coupon
 of 0.92%)
- Average debt maturity at 7.1 years (-0.6y)
- Average interest costs down by 9 bps vs. H1-2021
- No significant maturities until 2024
- LTV below maximum target level of 43%
- Net debt/EBITDA increased from 11.0x (H1-2021) and 12.6x (FY-2021) to 14.6x²
- Secured loans agreed in July: €200m for 5 years at 2.3% p.a.

1 Since Q1-2022 calculation adapted to market standard: inclusion of short-term deposits and participation in other residential companies. 2 Average net debt last four quarters / EBITDA LTM.



1.4 Outlook

2022 guidance

Guidance confirmed, partially adapted to capital market environment





		2022
FFO I		€475 m – 490 m
I-f-I rent growth		c. 3.0 %
EBITDA margin		c. 75 %
Investments		Less than €46/sqm (prev. 46 – 48€/sqm)
LTV		max. 43 %
Dividend		70 % of FFO I
Acquisitions		Highly selective due to capital market environment
Disposals		Not reflected in guidance: up to 5,000 units
Environment	2022–2025 2022	Reduction of CO ₂ emissions by 10% based on CO ₂ e kg/sqm 4,000 tons CO ₂ reduction from modernisation projects
Social	2022–2025 2022	Improve Customer Satisfaction Index (CSI) to 70 % Maintain high employee satisfaction level (66 % Trust Index)
Governance	2022	Maintain Sustainalytics rating within the negligible risk range (<10)



Who we are and what we stand for

Affordable housing in Germany

Made in NRW – Rolled out to Germany



Aachen



Bremen



Dusseldorf



Duisburg



Flensburg



Hamm



Hanover



Kaiserlautern



Mannheim



Münster



Remscheid



Solingen



Affordable housing in Germany Made in NRW

LEG



German residential pure play

Pure Play: Residential + Germany

Focus on affordable living segment

Focus NRW (c. **80%** of assets), **no. 1** in NRW

Market cap c. €6.4bn¹, 100% tradeable shares



Conservative balance sheet

Loan to value 42.1%,

Ø financing cost 1.15%, Ø maturity 7.1 years

Beta **0.62** (5y vs. EuroStoxx 600)

GAV/m² 1,828€



Social Responsibility

500,000 tenants/ **166,600** apartments

Average rent per unit c. €400 per month/€6.26 per sqm

c. **20%** social housing (rent-restricted)



Attractive Return

Dividend for 2021 **€4.07**

CAGR since IPO 2013: NAV **+15%**, dividend **+11%** p.a.

Gross yield properties
4.0% (on €19.4bn residential assets)



All drivers show substantial improvement KPI cockpit



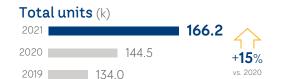
vs 2020

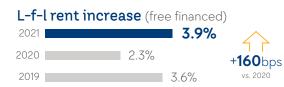


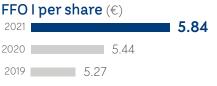


With strong operational performance

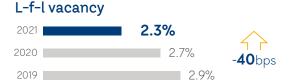




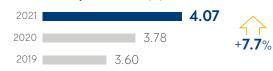




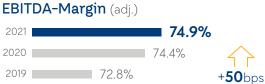


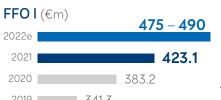


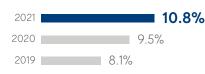






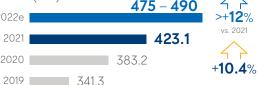






FFO I share of services¹



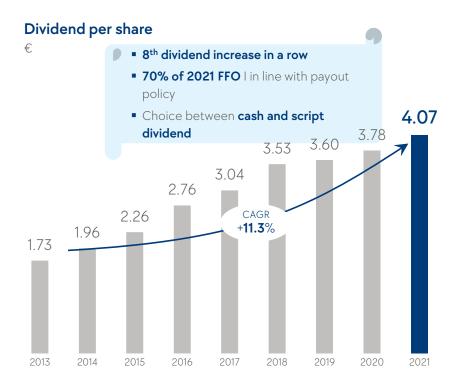


1 Value-added services incl. biomass plant.

Attractive growth and returns for shareholders







1 Until 2019 EPRA NAV adjusted, from 2020 onwards EPRA NTA

A resilient business model

Safeguarding robust earnings profile



Asset class

98% residential 100% affordable housing



Strong

Flexibility

50% Down-sizing of new development target to 500 units⁵

> 10x Increase of disposal program to up to 5,000 units⁴

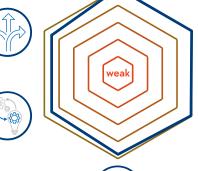


Integration

15% new assets³

100% target asset class

100% LEG processes and IT





Development

<5% of GAV1

89% without price risk²

Region/Jurisdiction

0% Berlin

100% Germany

Balance Sheet

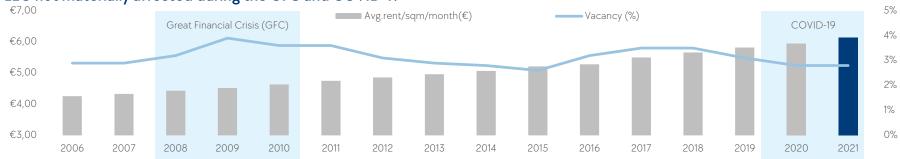
1% of outstanding debt to be refinanced until 12/23 45% equity ratio

¹ Total investment volume for acquired projects and own new development in % of H1 GAV. 2 Reflects fixed prices for acquired development projects or flexibility to withdraw/adjust development plans based on total investment volume 3 22k units acquired in 2021. 4 Original volume 300-500 units. 5 Previous target 1,000 units by 2026, 500 units in 2023 confirmed.

Crisis leave LEG unaffected



LEG not materially affected during the GFC and COVID-19



LEG well positioned

- Non-cyclical business model
- LEG's attractive rent level of €6.26/sqm is key to provide affordable living to our tenants
- C. 20% of units subsidised
- German social system provides several strong layers of social security

Resilience of German residential during the last economic crises



Market fundamentals unchanged

Macro trends favor asset holding companies



Demand-supply gap is still widening

Further increase in demand

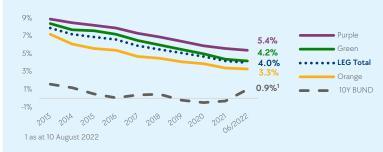
- As of May 2022, Germany welcomed **c.600,000** refugees from Ukraine¹
- Increasing demand in large cities and their outskirts: LEG portfolio with high exposure to these areas
- Economic recession drives additional demand for affordable housing

Supply even more limited – national construction target at risk

- High demand meets vacancy levels at structural lows (LEG 2.4%)
- Prices for new construction of resi buildings in GER +14.3% in 02/22 yoy with strongest rise in carpentry/ timber construction work (+33.9%)²
- Replacement costs further driven by higher energy efficiency requirements and higher staff cost
- General scarcity of craftsmen, building materials
- Discontinuation of new construction subsidies
- National 400,000 resi units p.a. target at risk



Attractive yields in inflation-proof model Still attractive spreads vs. 10Y BUND



Rent development in line with inflation

- Historic rent development strongly linked to inflation
- 20% of LEG's portfolio is restricted with CPI-linked rent increases every third year (next: January 2023)



Refinancing of subsidised loans lifting value

2022

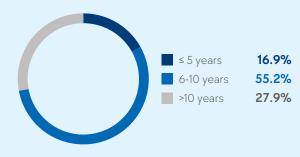
2023

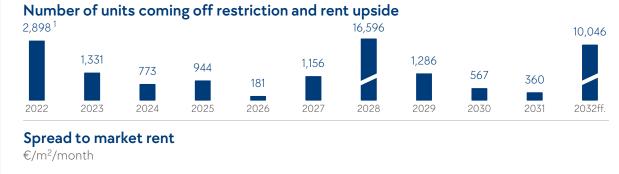


Rent potential subsidised units

- Until 2028, around 24,000 units will come off rent restriction
- Units show significant upside to market rents
- The economic upside can theoretically be realised the year after restrictions expire, subject to general legal and other restrictions⁵

Around 65% of units to come off restriction until 2028





1.80	2.24	2.25	2.56	2.76	2.49	2.72	2.40	1.70	1.98	1.95
1.00								1.70	1.98	

	≤ 5 years ³	6 – 10 years ³	> 10 years ³
In-place rent	€5.00	€5.16	€4.92
Market rent ²	€7.10	€7.81	€6.87
Upside potential ⁴	42%	51%	40%
Upside potential p.a. ⁴	€10.5m	€42.6m	€15.8m

1 All released in H1. 2 Employed by CBRE as indicator of an average rent value that could theoretically be achieved, not implying that an adjustment of the in-place rent to the market rent is feasible, as stringent legal and contractual restrictions regarding rent increases exist. 3 ≤ 5 years = 2022-2027; 6-10 years = 2028-2032; >10 years = 2028-2032; >10 years = 2033ff. 4 Rent upside is defined as the difference between LEG in-place rent and market. 5 For example rent increase cap of 11% (tense markets) or 20% for three years.

2024

2025

2026

2029

2028

2030

2031

2032 ff.

Digitisation

A boost to the digitisation of our business





Digital contracts/



- Chat bots and direct service contact
- Self-admin functions for tenant
- Pilot with Amazon to offer free, keyless and contactless delivery service







Robotics solutions

- RPA Center of Excellence implemented
- >20 RPAs installed across the entire group, i.e. IT, customer service, accounting, modernisation projects, quality management etc.
- In customer service >100,000 customer requests handled so far via RPAs







Artificial Intelligence Big Data

- Al pilot running for termination process
- Pilot for damage detection via drones
- Group-wide data platform to combine public and proprietary data for analysis of locations and support for internal functions







Session Sessio

ESG Agenda 2025 – A joint journey

LEG

Key indicators



- We are committed to climate targets
 - 10% CO₂ reduction from 2022 until 2025 and 4,000 tons CO₂ reduction from modernisation projects in 2022
 - Committed to Climate Act 2030 and to climate neutrality by 2045
- We intend to invest up to €500m into energetic modernisation from 2020 until 2024
- **Key driver** for our energetic transition **until 2045** are:
 - Tenants engagement needed to contribute up to 5% to the overall improvement
 - Energy transition to shift towards green district heating and green electricity, driving 65% 70% of the overall improvement
 - Refurbishments to achieve >30% of energy reduction, contributing 25% 30% to the overall improvement

S

- Affordable living segment and responsibility for our client base remains core to our DNA
- Improvement of customer satisfaction index (CSI) from 56% to 70% in the period 2022 2025
- Further building on the strong partnership with local communities, leading to a preferred partner status
- Our colleagues make the difference, and we want to remain a highly attractive employer with a Trust Index of at least 66% in 2022



- In 2022 we aim to maintain our current Sustainalytics rating of 7.8 within the negligible risk range (<10)
- One-third of our fully independent supervisory board is represented by women since the AGM 2022
- Compliance management system certified by the Institute for Corporate Governance in the German Real Estate Industry

Our ESG mission statement























LEG Study: Energetic refurbishment superior over new construction approach under CO₂ lifecycle perspective

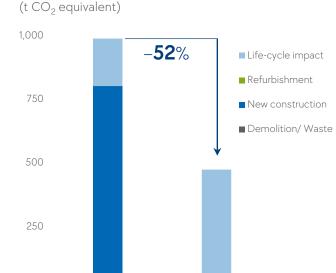




CO₂ lifecycle footprint¹

New building

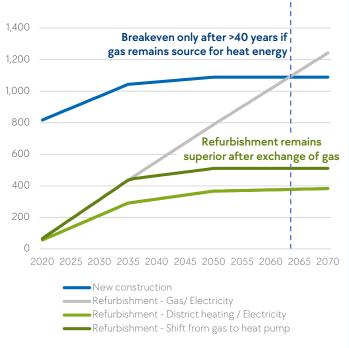
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Refurbishment of

existing building

Total energy consumption in Giga Joule



Joint study between renown **Wuppertal Institute and LEG Key findings:**

- Lifecycle perspective favors refurbishment over new construction
- Total CO₂ footprint for a refurbished building >50% smaller than for a new building
- Break-even in total energy consumption perspective only after >40 years, if heat energy will remain on gas forever
- After shift to heat pump or district heating, refurbishment will remain the superior strategy
- Exit from gas likely to be accelerated (independence from Russia)

¹ Based on buildings with construction year 1959 – 1968 and 3 floors. On average 14 units per building with a total of 852sqm., assuming change towards heat pump by 2035

Expanding the value chain and positioning as solution provider Renovate NOW - ReNOWate



Company

RENOWATE

- Renowate to provide comprehensive, serial, energetic refurbishment solutions
- 'One stop shop': measuring, planning, production and installation provided internally
- Key goals: reduction of modernization time and cost
- Refurbishment of 47 units (KfW 55) in Mönchengladbach started in July. Approach to be tested on more than 10 LEG pilot projects in 2022/2023 (more than 200 units)
- Visit https://www.renowate.earth

Product

Innovative five steps process of serial energetic renovation clearly differentiates from competitors

STEP 2

Transfer to a digital twin (BIM principle) and integral planning of all services

STEP 1

Measuring by drones and laser measuring devices of the existing building

STEP 5

Simple installation of the modules on the existing building envelope and renewal of the building energy services¹



Serial production of modular building envelope components

STEP 4

STEP 3

Just-in-time delivery of the modules to the construction site

Status Quo





- 50:50 joint venture with the Rhomberg Group, an internationally operating and innovative family-owned construction company
- Offices in Düsseldorf und Bregenz
- Product to be offered to third parties after trial phase providing investment-light growth opportunity
- As of 05/22: 10 employees (incl. management)

Carbon Balance Sheet 2021

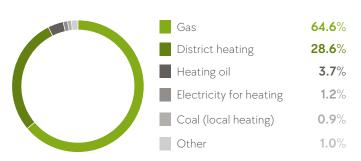
LEG

32.3 kg CO₂e/m² on a market based and climate adjusted basis

Carbon balance sheet

- Bottom-up approach
- BAFA-factors in line with GHG-protocol
- Scope 1 and scope 2
- 32.3 kg CO₂e/m² based on heating energy
- 283k t CO₂ in total (2020: 311k t)
- C. 2/3 coming from gas

Heat energy by source (100% of portfolio)



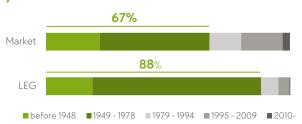
- Based on actual consumption 2020 (74% actuals, 6% actuals previous year, 20% certificates)
- Extrapolated for 2021
- Limited assurance by Deloitte

Reflecting our roots

Energy efficiency of our portfolio of 144.5 kWh/m² (2020: 157.5kWh/m²) is a function of corporate DNA & history:

 Providing affordable housing in post-war Germany

LEG portfolio by construction years vs. LEG market



Distribution by energy efficiency classes LEG

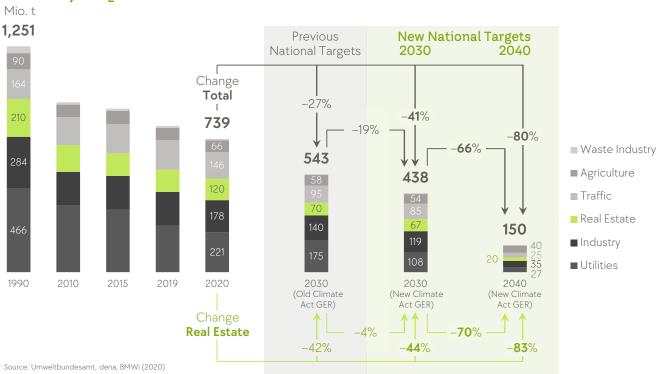


German reduction path by sectors



Further enforcement of Germany's targets and climate neutrality targeted by 2045

Germany CO₂ emission in sector context

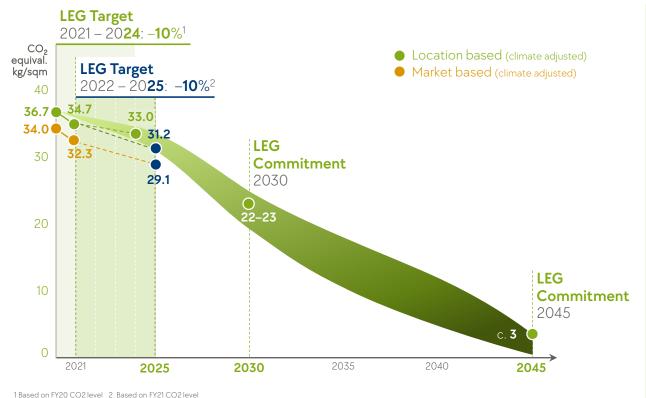


- Real estate sector represents
 16% of Germany's emissions
 (2020)
- New climate change act enforces carbon reduction to 65% when compared to 1990 (vs. previously 55%) by 2030 and climate neutrality by 2045
- Significant reduction for real estate sector required:
 - **44**% by 2030 vs. 2020
 - **83**% by 2040 vs. 2020
- Uniform and consistent EU ETS (European Trading System) required to allow for uniform prices and standards across the EU and to allow for a holistic carbon reduction framework

Strong CO₂ reduction of 5% in 2021

Well on track for our target towards climate neutrality



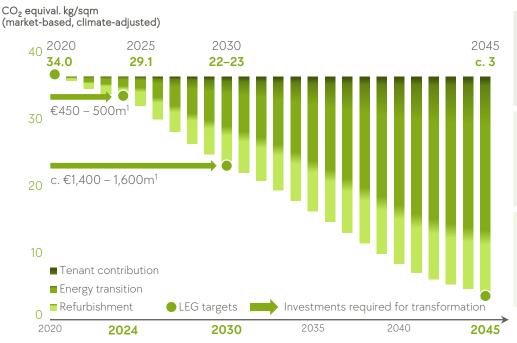


- LEG fully committed to new German Climate Change Act to achieve climate neutrality by 2045
- Aligned with strategy via LTIcomponent of compensation scheme
- Strong reduction in 2021 by 5.4% to 34.7kg (location based) and by 5.0% to 32.3kg (market based)
- Key driver:
 - refurbishment of 3.5% of our units in 2021 and
 - better footprint of our district heating grid based on actual certificates of our utility provider vs. original assumption of market average
- First time disclosure of location based and market based figures (both climate adjusted)

Transition roadmap towards climate neutrality



Energy transition and energetic refurbishment are the main drivers to reach the targets



Tenant engagement

- Digitisation of heating system via smart metering
- Education and incentivisation of tenants
- Contribution of up to **5**%

Energy transition

- Shift from fossil energy mix to green district heating
- Shift towards green electricity along Germany's transition path
- Contribution of 65% 70%

Refurbishment

- Targeting **3**% of units to be refurbished in 2021
- At least 30% efficiency improvement
- Insulation of the building shell, incl. windows and doors
- Contribution of **25**% **30**%

Energy transition – LEG with a good starting point

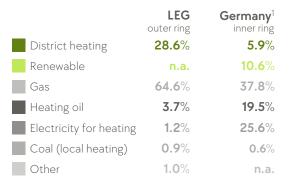


Key driver will be the shift towards green electricity and green district heating

Heat energy by source LEG / Germany







Target heat energy mix LEG 2045





- Gradual shift from fossil energy towards green mix
- Increase in electricity along the planned transformation of the German energy mix towards green energy assumed
- Increase in green district heating from already high levels, benefitting from location of assets in bigger cities
- Assuming a remaining gas share of 10% as a conservative assumption. A complete shift towards green energy would reduce footprint to full climate neutrality
- CO₂ reduction from energy transition by
 65% 70%

1 Source: BMWi 2020

Energy-efficient refurbishment

Shift towards a more holistic approach



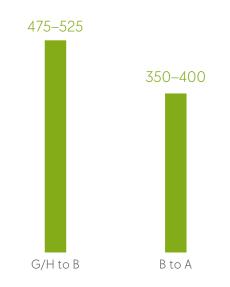




Modernisation of heating systems

Estimated refurbishment costs

€/sqm



- **10**% CO₂ reduction from 2022-2025
- **3.5**% of units refurbished in 2021
- Shift towards a more holistic approach with lower share of individual measures and higher share of full comprehensive refurbishment measures
- At least 30% of efficiency improvement
- CO₂ reduction from refurbishment of 25% – 30%

LEG's biomass plant



Providing us with an competitive advantage – not reflected due to current framework

2020 LEG starting point for its portfolio: 36.7kg CO₂e/sqm

- LEG bottom-up approach based on actual consumption
- Not reflecting the bio mass plant
- Scope 1 and scope 2
- 311kt CO₂ in total
- 157.5 kWh/sqm

Potential offset from biomass plant



Potential 18% off-set from own biomass plant

LEG Biomass Power Plant



- Started 2005
- Own carbon neutral power plant, c. 100km from LFG hubs
- Green energy from waste wood
- Recognised as carbon neutral energy
- Production of district heat and electricity for local commercial area
- Due to distance to LEG buildings, energy not provided to own buildings
- Annual production of 105,000 MWh of electricity (represents annual production of onshore wind farm with 20 large wind turbines)
- Not reflected in our 36.7kgCO₂ e/sqm footprint

This represents savings of 57.5kt CO₂ and potentially carbon neutral electricity for 45,000 LEG units, i.e. around 1/3 of our portfolio

Affordable living and focus on customer satisfaction

LEG

Attractive rents overall - especially for tenants in our rent-restricted units

Providing an affordable home

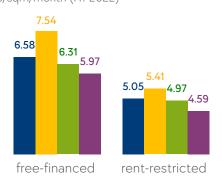
- Social responsibility for our 500,000 customers
- Providing a home at affordable prices
- 166,600 units at
 €6.26/sqm/month on
 average (c. €400 per
 month per unit)
- Rent increases for rentrestricted units only every 3 years by inflation factor

20% of units rent-restricted



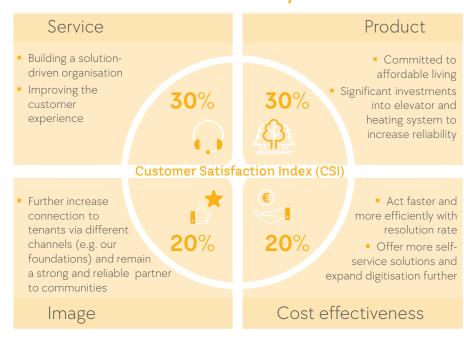
Attractive rent levels

€/sqm/month (H1-2022)



High-growth Stable Higher-yielding markets

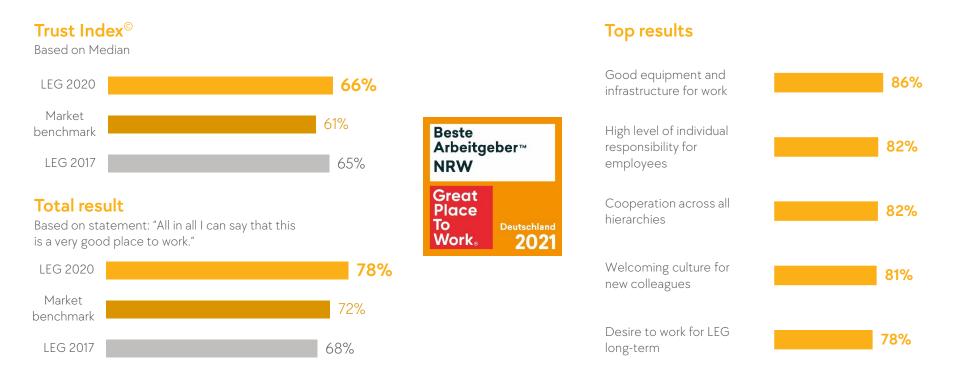
Increase CSI to 70% by 2025



Trust Index 66% – Among the best employers in NRW

LEG

Target is to keep our strong employee recognition



Strong partner to local communities

LEG

Acquisition of a 6% stake in GEWAG municipal housing company in Remscheid





Profile

- Locations: Remscheid (86%)
- **1,036** buildings
- 6,208 units
- Total sqm 430k
- Average rent/sqm €5.29
- Acquisition price €6m
- Implied acquisition price per sqm c. €600
- LEG with 1,088 units in Remscheid

Shareholder



City of RemscheidPublic utility company Remscheid

LEG

Other

50.3%

34.0%

6.2%

9.5%

Strong partner to the city of Remscheid





In 2020, foundation of a district meeting location together with the city of Remscheid and local charities, including LEG's "Dein Zuhause hilft"-foundation

- Targeting offerings for entire age range, i.e. kids, families to elderly tenants
- Offerings range from language classes, cooking classes, parents' cafe, presentations on various topics, etc.



Among the best in class

LEG

Sustainalytics' ESG Rating recently improved to top category "negligible"

ESG		2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	
MSCI	ESG Rating	AA	AA	AA	AA	AA	No. 41 out of
SUSTAINALYTICS a Morningstar company	ESG Rating			20.1	10.4	7.8	14,620 in global coverage No. 8 out of 1,043
EPRA EUROPEAN PUBLIC REAL ESTATE ASSOCIATION	sBPR Award		SBPR BRONZE	EPPR SBPR SILVER	SBPR GOLD	EPRA SBPR GOLD	in global real estate sector
G R E S B	ESG Rating			52	52	No participation in 2021	
DAX	ESG Index				DAX® 50 ESG	DAX® 50 ESG	
MSCI	ESG Indices			MS	SCI EAFE Choice ES CI World Custom E	SG Climate Series	

MSCI OFI Revenue Weighted Global ESG Index

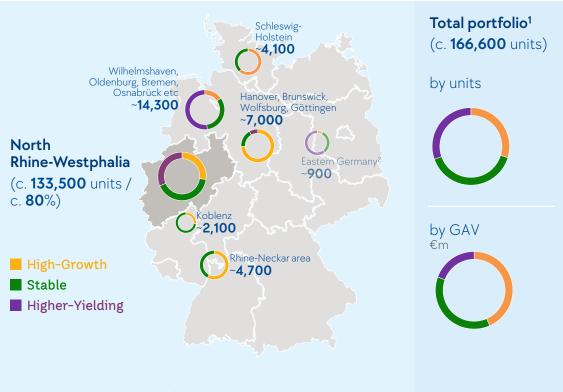


Portfolio **Overview**

LEG's portfolio comprised c. 166,600 units end of Q2



Well balanced portfolio with significant exposure now in target markets outside NRW



Outside North Rhine-Westphalia



Growth along our investment criteria

- Asset class affordable living
- Entry in new markets outside NRW via orange and green markets
- >1,000 units per location
 - Critical size in locations outside NRW reached, allowing for growth into higher-yielding markets









Strong portfolio expansion in 2021 made LEG a German player



Focus on affordable housing – in our target markets – at attractive terms



Financial summary of acquisitions

- Portfolio increase by c. 21,900 units in 2021, i.e. more than three year's of our annual growth ambition
- 95% outside NRW, balanced split across markets
- Purchase price c. €2.15 bn (w/o BCP stake, BCP-option, taxes and other costs)
- Net cold rent multiple of c. 22.5x based on in-place rent compares to LEG year-end portfolio multiple of 23.9x
- Annualised contribution to FFO L of c. €50m

Background & Rationale

- Leveraging of platform along established hubs
- **3 bigger deals** (DeuWo 2,200; Kiel: 2,300; Adler: 15,400) represent **90%** of the acquisitions
- Focus exclusively on affordable housing
- Financial upside potential from optimised property management

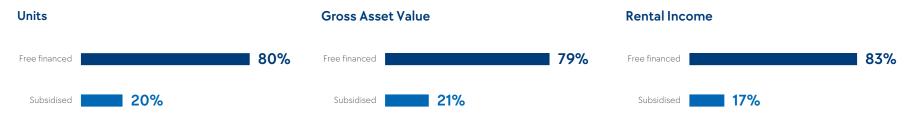
Well-balanced portfolio with significant growth potential H1-2022



By Market



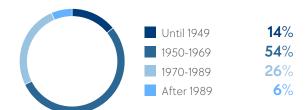
Restricted vs. unrestricted



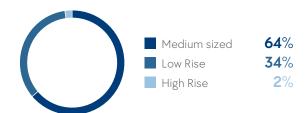
Portfolio structure H1-2022

LEG

Construction Years



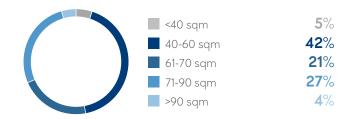
Building Types¹



Free Financed / Rent Restricted Units



Apartment Size²



Valuation framework



	LEG	CBRE (Appraiser since IPO in 2013)
Frequency Valuation Date	Semi-annually 30 June - (cut off for data 31 March) 31 December - (cut off for data 30 September)	Same as LEG
Scope	Complete portfolio incl. commercial units, parking spaces, including land	Complete portfolio incl. commercial units, parking spaces, excluding land
Valuation Level	Address-specific (building entrance level)	Economic units (homogeneous cluster of adjacent buildings with similar construction date and condition) provided by LEG
Technical Assessment	Physical review of 20 % of the portfolio as part of technical reviews, data updates in EPIQR (data base for technical condition of buildings)	Every economic unit has been inspected at least once Rolling annual inspections, especially of new acquisitions and modernised properties Additional information on change of condition provided by LEG
Model	10 year DCF model, terminal value in year 11, finite Assumption that buildings have a finite life (max. 80 years), decrease in value over a building's life Residual value of land at the end of building's life Cap rate ¹ increased to reflect the decrease of a building's value over its lifetime	10 year DCF model, terminal value in year 11, infinite No separate valuation of plot size/ value of land Exit cap rate based on market evidence
Calculation of Discount-/Cap-Rate	Determination based on data from expert committees (publicly appointed surveyor boards) plus property specific premiums and discounts	Consistent DCF model for all 402 cities/districts and all clients plus property specific premiums and discounts. Results cross-checked with market data (local land valuation boards, asking prices, own transaction data base)
Inclusion of legislation (e.g. rental brake)	Yes , via cash-flow	Yes , via cash-flow
Relevance for Audit of Financial Statements	Yes, model and results audited by the Auditor	No, second opinion for validation only

Threefold approach to new builds

Small development pipeline with low price risk

LEG

500 units from 2023 through

- Redensification on own land
- Acquisition of turnkey projects from external developers
- Serial and modular built on purchased land with Goldbeck
- New build target reduced due to changes in market environment
- Low financial risks in new development pipeline due to fixed prices for assets under construction and many projects in early stage

Turnkey project in Bremen¹



- 139 residential and 5 commercial units + 153 parking spaces
- €.51 m investment

Turnkey project in Düsseldorf²



- 170 residential (o/w 68 subsidized) and 6 commercial units + kindergarten
- €.70 m investment

Redensification in Cologne³



- 51 residential units on free land within a LEG district
- €16 m investment

Continued shortage of affordable housing

Replacement costs significantly exceed LEG asset values

LEG

Residential replacement costs of the LEG portfolio

- Minimum replacement cost for new-built product at c. €3,500 per sqm²
- The portfolio of affordable living product is de facto irreplaceable at comparable cost base
- At c. €3,500 minimum replacement cost for a comparable new product, the company's inplace yield of 4.0% would imply a rent/sqm requirement of c. €11.50/sqm¹, which is not feasible to achieve in the affordable living segment
- LEG's portfolio is conservatively valued at €1,828/sqm,
- LEG's valuation level is well below Germany-wide replacement cost for new stock, offering attractive yield



1 based on €3,500/sqm 2 excluding costs for land

Market clustering based on LEG's methodology



Key indicator



Rental level¹



Vacancy level²



Socio demographic ranking³



Future attractiveness⁴

Scoring based on local districts⁵

Relative comparison of rental levels

Relative comparison of vacancy levels

c. 30 indicators like demographics, labour market, wealth etc.

>20 indicators from demographics, economy, education, family friendliness

LEG Scoring

High-growth markets



Stable markets

Higher-yielding markets



Source: Company information Notes: 1 Empirica. 2 CBRE. 3 Prognos Institut. 4 Berlin Institut. 5 Based on 401 local districts in Germany.

North-Rhine Westphalia (NRW)

LEG

Demographics and social aspects

- Key metropolitan area in Germany, and one of the largest areas in Europe (17.9m inhabitants in 2020, which corresponds to 22% of Germany's population¹)
- Highest population density^{2/3} key advantage for efficient property management
- Low home ownership of approx. 44%⁴ in NRW in 2018 (47%⁴ in Germany) provides for consistent demand. Germany has the second lowest home ownership ratio of all OECD-member countries
- High demand for affordable living product Approx. 40% of households with income of less than €2,000⁴ per month in 2019



Economics

- Germany's economic powerhouse generating approx. 21% of German GDP
- NRW's GDP is larger than the GDP of Sweden, Poland or Belgium
- About one third of the largest companies in Germany are based in NRW
- Most **start-up** foundations in Germany
- Centrally located in Europe, excellent infrastructure and a key transport hub (with multiple airports, dense railway system, motorway network and waterways)
- Robust labour market with decreasing rate of unemployment (-40% since 2006)



5 Management

Management Team





Lars von Lackum

8,103 shares in LEG1

- Strategy, M&A, Organisation, Processes and Digitisation
- Legal and Human Resources
 - Management & Supervisory Board Office
 - Legal, Compliance and Internal Audit
 - Human Resources
- Corporate Communications & Corporate Responsibility
- Acquisition
- New Construction
- []

With LEG since 2019

1 As at July 2022



Susanne Schröter-Crossan CFO

2,095 shares in LEG1

- Investor Relations
- Finance & Treasury
- Controlling & Risk Management
- Portfolio Management
- Accounting & Taxes





Dr. Volker Wiegel

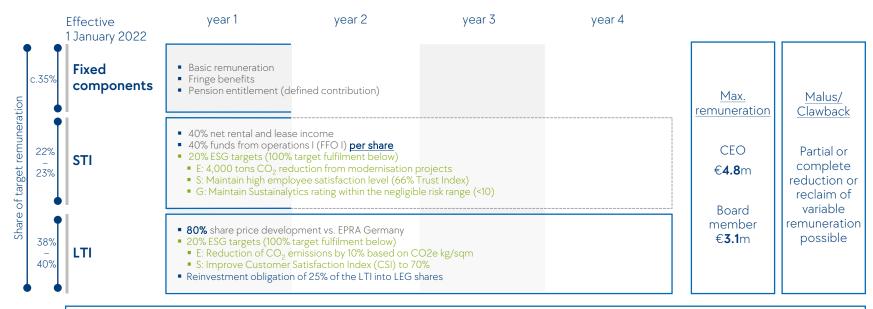
2.406 shares in LEG1

- Asset and Property-Management
 - Commercial Management
 - Neighbourhood Management
 - Property Management
 - Modernisation
 - Central Procurement
 - Receivables Management
 - Rent Management
 - Operating Expenses Management
- TechnikServicePlus GmbH
- EnergieServicePlus GmbH

With LEG since 2013

Remuneration system 2022/25





Share ownership guideline

Purchase of LEG shares equivalent to a gross basic salary within 4 years

Supervisory board – 100% independent members 1/3 of female members since AGM 2022

LEG



Michael Zimmer

Chairman since 2013

_ _ _

Entrepreneurial career in the real estate sector (e.g. founder of Corpus Sireo Immobilien, later sold to Swiss Life) since 1990



Dr. Sylvia Eichelberg

Member since 2021

. . .

CEO of Gothaer Health Insurance and previously in different roles with AXA and ERGO insurance



Dr. Claus Nolting

Member since 2016

- - -

Professional background as a lawyer. Different positions in the banking and private equity sector (e.g. CEO of Hypovereinsbank, Cerberus, Lone Star)



Dr. Jochen Scharpe

Member since 2013

3,000 shares in LEG1

Professional experience in Corporate Finance (KPMG) and the real estate sector, e.g. precursor of CA Immo and Siemens Real Estate



Dr. Katrin Suder

Member since 2022

_ _ _

Independent consultant with focus on diversity. Previously State Secretary in the German Ministry of Defence and various roles at McKinsey (Partner, Head of the Berlin office and Director & Head of "Public sector").



Martin Wiesmann

Member since 2020

1,400 shares in LEG1

Professional background in investment banking with Deutsche Bank and J.P. Morgan, amongst various roles Vice-Chairman IB Europe with JPM



6 Regulation & Social Security in Germany

Politics



Significant reduction of subsidies for modernisation

- In July 2022, the Federal Ministry of Economics has changed subsidies for energetic refurbishment without prior notice
- The grant funding introduced only last year was discontinued and switched to loans and repayment subsidies. The subsidy rates and repayment subsidies were significantly reduced
- New construction funding, for which the Federal Ministry of Construction will be responsible in future (instead of the Ministry of Economics), will be redesigned for 2023

Impact LEG

- Constantly changing regulations complicate the planning of projects
- Lower subsidies affected c.p. the IRR of the projects
- May result in lower number of projects and higher passing on of costs to tenants

Limitation of rent increase to 11% in tense markets planed

- Limitation in tense markets for rent increases in the free financed segment for existing contracts likely to be capped at 11% within 3 years (currently: 15%)
- For other markets 20% rent increase within 3 years still applicable
- LEG owns c. 25,000 free financed units in tense markets (c.15%)
- Less than 20% of units coming off restriction until 2027 are in tense markets

Impact LEG

Impact should be limited as previous cap has hardly ever been reached

Rent table reform effective from July 2022

- Rent tables become mandatory for all cities with a population of >50,000
- Increase reference period to 7 years from 6 years
- Mandatory adjustments of rent table after two years. A qualified rent table (mandatory for cities > 100k inhabitants) to be completely revised after four years

Impact LEG

- A small effect from a slightly longer reference period
- 20% of LEG's units are rent-restricted and are not affected by the regulations, as cost rent adjustments apply every three years

62

Basics



Free financed units

Existing contracts

- Rent increase by max. 20% (15% cap in tense markets²) within 3 years; benchmark: local reference rent¹
- After modernisation: annual rent can be increased by 8% of modernisation costs;
 limit: €3 per sqm (rent/sqm/month > €7) or €2 per sqm (rent/sqm/month < €7) over 6 years

New contracts

- Markets without rental cap: no regulation
- In tense markets² the rental break (Mietpreisbremse) applies: increase of max. 10% on local reference rent¹

Rent restricted units

Cost rent adjustment

- Every third year (i.e., 2020, 2023, 2026)
- After full repayment of the underlying subsidised loan, the residential unit gets out of rent restriction and regular code applies
- In the case of early repayment, rent restriction continues for another 10 years (tenant protection); then regular code applies

Advantages of early repayment

- Earlier transition of subsidised unit into free financed segment
- Immediate positive valuation effect (DCF model)

1 Based on rent table (Mietspiegel). 2 In NRW, 18 cities were identified as tense markets, especially Düsseldorf, Cologne and Greater Cologne area, Bonn, Münster. Outside NRW and relevant for LEG are cities such as Brunswick, Hanover, Laatzen, Oldenburg, Osnabrück and Mannheim. The cap will be likely reduced to 11%.

LEG owns **25,000** free financed units in tense markets, which corresponds to 15% of the total portfolio.

Subsidised units



Inflation-dependent components of the cost rent to be adjusted every 3 years acc. to CPI

Cost rent components¹

Management costs

- Depreciation
- Operating costsLoss of rental income risk
- Administration costs²
- Administration costs²
- Maintenance costs²

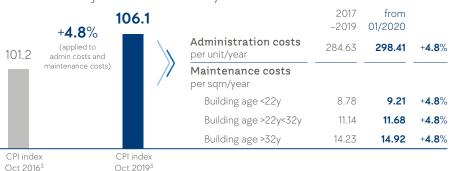
Capital costs

Financing costs

CPI - linked

Example

Cost rent adjustment in January 2020



Historic view

Impact on cost rent adjustment at LEG

Total rent increase for LEG's subsidised portfolio (I-f-I)	+2.4%	+1.2%	+2.0%
3 year period CPI development	+5.7%	+1.9%	+4.8%
	2014	2017	2020

LEG portfolio

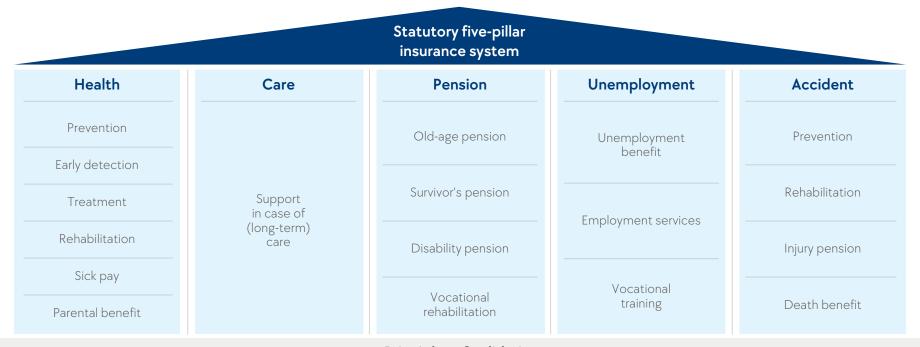
Subsidised units (Q2-2022)

Location	Number of subsidised units	Average net cold rent month/sqm (€)
High growth markets	11,458	5.41
Stable markets	14,604	4.97
Higher-yielding markets	7,178	4.59
Total subsidised portfolio	33,240	5.05

1 Legal basis for calculation: II. Berechnungsverordnung. 2 Administration and maintenance costs are lump sums and are adjusted every three years (in January) based on the development of the CPI. The adjustment in January 2023 will be calculated on the CPI development from October 2019 to October 2022 (CPI data to be released by the Federal Statistical Office). 3 Basis 2015 = 100

A well-developed social security system ensures a fair standard of living in Germany





Principles of solidarity

Financial relief package



One-time payments and temporary relief measures

Classification	Description
Unemployment money increase	One-off payment of €100 for ALG 1 recipients and €200 for ALG 2 recipients (Hartz IV).
Energy money	Employees liable to income tax receive an energy price allowance of €300, paid out with their salary. This means that this must be fully taxed.
Child allowance bonus	The child bonus 2022 amounts to €100 per child and is paid for each child for whom there is an entitlement to child benefit in at least one month in 2022.
9-€-ticket	Local transport ticket for €9 per month. Currently planned for June, July and August.
Fuel discount	Reduction of the energy tax limited to the months of June, July and August. The rates for petrol were reduced by 29.55 cents per litre, the rates for diesel by 14.04 cents per litre.
Heating allowance	One-time entitlement is granted to recipients of housing allowance and BAföG, trainees with training allowance or training grant who no longer live with their parents, as well as those receiving support for advancement with maintenance allowance and disabled persons: Housing benefit recipients (single): €270 Housing benefit recipients (2-P-HH): €350 + each additional person: €70 BAföG recipients and trainees: €230

Increase of incomes



Classification	Increase
Pensions	From 1 July 2022, the 21 million pensioners receive an increase, which in West Germany is 5.35%. On average, men in West Germany last received a statutory old-age pension of €1,210 and women of €730 per month. The increase therefore corresponds to €65 € and €40 respectively.
Minimum wage	Was €9.82 per hour in the first half of 2022. Increased to €10.45 per hour from 1 July 2022 and will further increase to €12 from 1 October 2022. This means that someone who works 8 hours a day will see their monthly gross salary increase from around €1,570 to €1,920 (+22% from Jan. – Oct. 2022).
Wage agreements	Hotel and restaurant industry in North Rhine-Westphalia: entry-level wage +28%; skilled workers +17%. Steel industry: +6.5% Municipal social and educational services: +€130 or €180 per month. Banking: +3.0% Lufthansa: +19% for the lowest salary class

Classification	Description	Increase
Regular child allowance	1st Child: €219; 2nd. Child: €219; 3rd. Child: €225; 4th+ Child: €250	
Child bonus	Families who would be in need of assistance only because of their children can apply for the monthly child supplement in addition to child benefit and housing benefit. Max. €229/child/month	Since July 2022 increase by €20 to max. €229/child/month
Housing allowance (+ heating allowance)	Housing benefit can be applied for as a subsidy for rent or for the costs of owner-occupied housing. At the end of 2020, 153,190 households in North Rhine-Westphalia received housing benefit; this was 23.9% more households than at the end of 2019. Those who receive ALG II or social assistance are not entitled to housing benefit. In this case, rent and ancillary costs are already covered by the job centre. Interestingly, it is estimated that only 1/3 of all eligible persons also apply for housing benefit.	On average, applicants have received 150 € per month in the past years. In addition, an average of €15 heating cost supplement. Since 1 January 2022, housing benefit households in North Rhine-Westphalia will receive an average increase of around €13 more per month. This adjustment will take place every two years in the future.
Education and social participation	The various benefits for education and social participation (BuT), also called education package, support children and youths and young adults from families who have little money. With these benefits, children can take advantage of school and leisure activities if the families could not otherwise afford the costs. The prerequisite is receipt of ALG II or child supplement.	The school supplies package has increased from €154.50 per child per school year to €156 as of 1 January 2022.

Classification	Description	Increase
Unemployment money I	ALG I is paid to unemployed people as a substitute for wages or salary. Entitlement is granted to anyone who has been employed for at least twelve months within two years and has paid into the state unemployment insurance scheme. People under the age of 50 receive unemployment benefits for a maximum of one year. People over 50 can receive up to two years under certain conditions. Recipients with children receive 67% of the net income received.	
Unemployment money II (recipients receive adequate housing) Social assistance (for those unable to work) is the same in the vast majority of cases	People with little or no income receive ALG II to secure the minimum subsistence level. The amount is not based on previous earned income. ALG II includes standard needs and the need for accommodation and heating. Health insurance contributions are also covered. The amount of the standard needs depends on whether you live alone, with a (spousal) partner or as an adult in someone else's household. For children, the age is decisive. The standard needs amount to between €285 and €449 (as of January 2020). In addition, the costs for accommodation and heating are covered as far as they are reasonable. Child benefit is not paid in addition. Spouses (both ALG II recipients) with one child (6 to 13 years) each receive €404 and for the child €311.	The standard rates for basic income support are reviewed and updated annually. The updating of the standard needs is calculated on the basis of a mixed index. This is composed of 70% price development and 30% net wage development.



7 Investor & Credit Relations

LEG additional creditor information



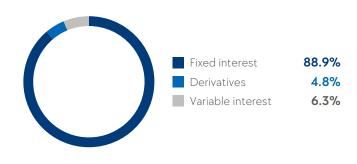
Unsecured financing covenants

Covenant	Threshold	H1-2022
Consolidated Adjusted EBITDA / Net Cash Interest	≥1.8x	5.6x
Unencumbered Assets / Unsecured Financial Indebtedness	≥125%	171%
Net Financial Indebtedness / Total Assets	≤60%	41%
Secured Financial Indebtedness / Total Assets	≤45%	15%

Ratings (Moody's)

Туре	Rating	Outlook
Long Term Rating	Baa1	Stable
Short Term Rating	P-2	Stable

Financing mix



Key financial ratios

	H1-2022	H1-2021
Net debt / EBITDA ¹	14.6x	11.0x
LTV	42.1% ²	36.4%

1 Average net debt last four quarters / EBITDA LTM 2 Since Q1-2022 calculation adapted to the current standard practices, i.e. reduction of net debt by short-term deposits and inclusion of participation in other residential companies into property values.

Capital market financing Corporate bonds



Maturity	Issue Size	Maturity Date	Coupon	Issue Price	ISIN	WKN
2017/2024	€500m	23 Jan 2024 (7 yrs)	1.250% p.a.	99.409%	XS1554456613	A2E4W8
2019/2027	€500m	28 Nov 2027 (8 yrs)	0.875% p.a.	99.356%	DE000A254P51	A254P5
2019/2034	€300m	28 Nov 2034 (15 yrs)	1.625% p.a.	98.649%	DE000A254P69	A254P6
2021/2033	€500m	30 Mar 2033 (12 yrs)	0.875% p.a.	99.232%	DE000A3H3JU7	A3H3JU
2021/2031	€600m	30 Jun 2031 (10 yrs)	0.750% p.a.	99.502%	DE000A3E5VK1	A3E5VK
2021/2032	€500m	19 Nov 2032 (11 yrs)	1.000% p.a.	98.642%	DE000A3MQMD2	A3MQMD
2022/2026	€500m	17 Jan 2026 (4 yrs)	0.375% p.a.	99.435%	DE000A3MQNN9	A3MQNN
2022/2029	€500m	17 Jan 2029 (7 yrs)	0.875% p.a.	99.045%	DE000A3MQNP4	A3MQNP
2022/2034	€500m	17 Jan 2034 (12 yrs)	1.500% p.a.	99.175%	DE000A3MQNQ2	A3MQNQ

Financial Covenants

Adj. EBITDA/ net cash interest ≥ 1.8 x Unencumbered assets/ unsecured financial debt ≥ 125% Net financial debt/ total assets ≤ 60% Secured financial debt/ total assets ≤ 45%

Capital market financing Convertible bonds

LEG

	2017/2025	2020/2028
Issue Size	€400m	€550m
Term / Maturity Date	8 years/ 1 September 2025	8 years/ 30 June 2028
Coupon	0.875% p.a. (semi-annual payment: 1 March, 1 September)	0.4% p.a. (semi-annual payment: 15 January, 15 July)
# of shares	3,470,683	3,556,142
Initial Conversion Price	€118.4692	€155.2500
Adjusted Conversion Price ¹	€115.2511 (as of 10 June 2021)	€154.6620 (as of 14 June 2021)
Issuer Call	From 22 September 2022, if LEG share price >130% of the then applicable conversion price	From 5 August 2025, if LEG share price >130% of the then applicable conversion price
ISIN	DE000A2GSDH2	DE000A289T23
WKN	A2GSDH	A289T2

LEG share information



Basic data

Market segment Prime Standard
Stock Exchange Frankfurt
Total no. of shares 74,109,276
Ticker symbol LEG

ISIN DE000LEG1110

Indices MDAX, FTSE EPRA/NAREIT, GPR 250, Stoxx Europe 600,

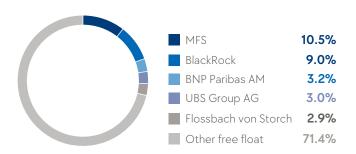
DAX 50 ESG, i.a. MSCI Europe ex UK, MSCI World ex USA,

MSCI World Custom ESG Climate Series

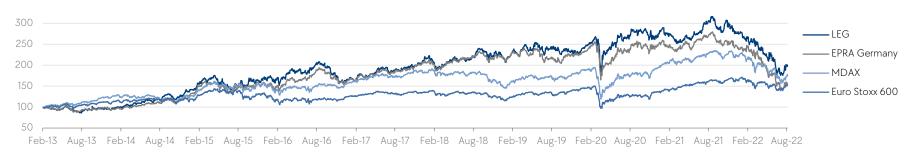
Weighting MDAX 4.1% (30.06.2022)

EPRA Europe 2.8% (30.06.2022)

Shareholder structure¹

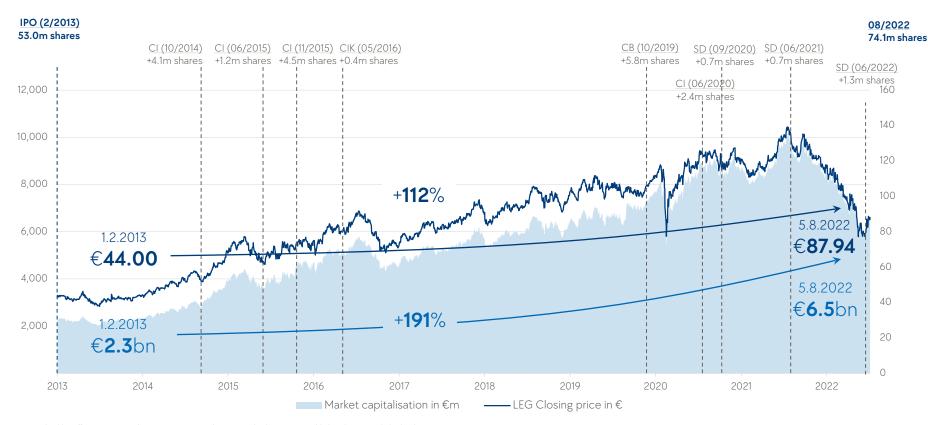


Share (05.08.2022; indexed; in %; 1.2.2013 = 100)



Share price and market capitalisation since IPO





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